

**1. Soft-Tissue Sarcomas of the Genitourinary Tract with Radiologic-Pathologic Correlation**  
Sarcomas de tejidos blandos del tracto genitourinario con correlación radiológico-patológica

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**LINK:** <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38236750/>

**REVISTA:** Radiographics. 2024 Feb;44(2):e230138. doi: 10.1148/rg.230138.

**ASTRACTO:** Genitourinary tract soft-tissue sarcomas are rare neoplasms with varied pathologic and clinical features. While some of these tumors may be aggressive high-grade malignancies, others are low grade with a relatively better prognosis. Given that the grade and extent of the disease are important prognostic factors in these tumors, timely diagnosis is crucial. Unfortunately, most imaging features of these malignancies are not pathognomonic, and various histologic subtypes do not manifest with typical classic imaging features. Therefore, reliable differentiation of the various histologic tumor types is not always possible based solely on the radiologic manifestations. Imaging findings need to be considered in the context of clinical history in corroboration with radiologic-pathologic correlation. The authors discuss the specific imaging and pathologic characteristics of various genitourinary tract soft-tissue sarcomas, emphasizing diagnostic difficulties and differential diagnoses.

**2. Challenges and opportunities for sarcoma care and research in Latin America: a position paper from the LACOG sarcoma group**

Desafíos y oportunidades para la atención y la investigación del sarcoma en América Latina: un documento de posición del grupo de sarcoma LACOG

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**LINK:** <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38259252/>

**REVISTA:** Review Lancet Reg Health Am. 2024 Jan 4:30:100671. doi: 10.1016/j.lana.2023.100671. eCollection 2024 Feb.

**ASTRACTO:** As a developing region, Latin America faces unique cancer control and prevention challenges, which are intensified when considering rare cancers, including sarcomas. Sarcomas are a group of malignancies that arise in the connective tissues of the body-such as muscle, fat, nerves, blood vessels, and bones-accounting for a diverse range of tumours that, although rare, require specialized attention. Sarcoma care and research in Latin America require a comprehensive approach that includes deeper epidemiologic knowledge, diagnostic capacity building, access to innovative treatments, increased patient advocacy, and strengthening of clinical research capacity. This article will review current challenges and opportunities for treating patients with sarcoma in Latin America and outline a pathway toward improvement for regional collaborative groups.